

# **SEYCHELLES**

2022 Annual Research: Key Highlights<sup>1</sup>

Global Data						
Total GDP contribution:			Total Travel & Tourism jobs:			
2019	10.3% USD 9,630 BN	Travel & Tourism GDP change:	333 MN = 1 in 10 jobs	Change in Jobs <sup>2</sup> :		
2020	5.3% USD 4,775 BN	-50.4% =USD -4,855 BN (Economy GDP = -3.3%)	271 MN = 1 in 12 jobs	<b>-62.0MN</b> = -18.6%		
2021	<b>6.1%</b> USD <b>5,812 BN</b>	<b>+21.7%</b> =USD 1,038 BN (Economy GDP = 5.8%)	289 MN = 1 in 11 jobs	<b>+18.2MN</b> = + 6.7%		

Seychelles Key Data					
2019	2020	2021			
Total contribution of Travel & Tourism to GDP:					
42.3% of Total Economy SCR 9,063.3MN (USD 536.0MN)	25.4% of Total Economy SCR 4,859.6MN (USD 287.4MN) Change: -46.4% Economy change: -10.9%	27.0% of Total Economy SCR 5,394.2MN (USD 319.0MN) Change: +11.0% Economy change: +4.6%			
Total contribution of Travel & Tourism to Employment:					
21.0 (000s) 39.2% of total jobs	<b>15.1</b> (000s) 28.5% of total jobs Change: -28.3%	16.0 (000s) 31.7% of total jobs Change: +5.9%			
Visitor Spend:					
International:  SCR 8,355.4MN  186.2% of total exports (USD 494.2MN)	SCR4,118.5 <sub>MN</sub> 116.1% of total exports (USD 243.6MN) Change: -50.7%	SCR4,594.2 <sub>MN</sub> 105.2% of total exports (USD 271.7MN) Change: +11.5%			
Domestic: SCR 981.7 MN	scr <b>597.0</b> mn	scr <b>811.6</b> mn			
(USD 58.1MN)	(USD 35.3MN) Change: <b>-39.2</b> %	(USD 48.0MN) Change: <b>+35.9</b> %			



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### **Seychelles Sector Characteristics**

#### **Domestic vs International Spending:**





#### **Leisure vs Business Spending:**





#### Inbound Arrivals<sup>3</sup>

Inbound Arrivals:					
2019	2021				
1. Germany 19%	1. Germany 18%				
2. France 11%	<b>2.</b> France <b>17%</b>				
3. United Kingdom 8%	3. United Arab Emirates 14%				
<b>4.</b> Italy <b>7%</b>	<b>4.</b> Italy <b>6%</b>				
<b>5.</b> United Arab Emirates <b>6%</b>	5. Switzerland 5%				
Rest of world 49%	Rest of world 40%				

# Outbound Departures<sup>3</sup>:

2019	2021
<b>1.</b> France <b>46%</b>	<b>1.</b> France <b>58</b> %
2. Mauritius 12%	2. Dominican Republic 6%
3. South Africa 10%	3. South Africa 6%
<b>4.</b> India <b>7</b> %	4. Mauritius 6%
<b>5.</b> China <b>3%</b>	5. Zimbabwe 5%
Rest of world 22%	Rest of world 20%

Note: All percentage changes reflect year on year changes.

- 1. All values are in constant 2021 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2022
- 2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
- 3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO











